

### CAREERS IN SCIENCE WHAT ARE MY OPTIONS?

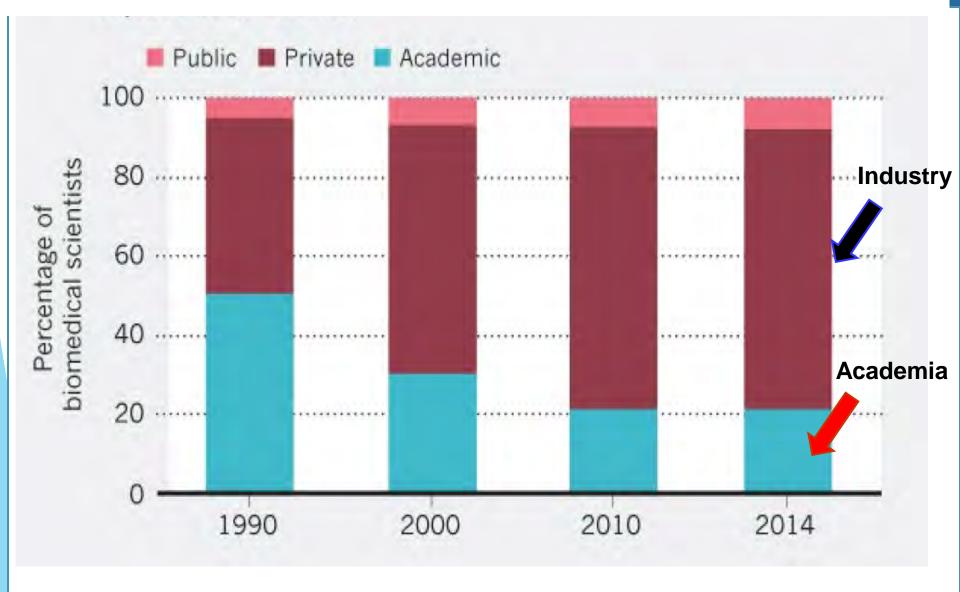


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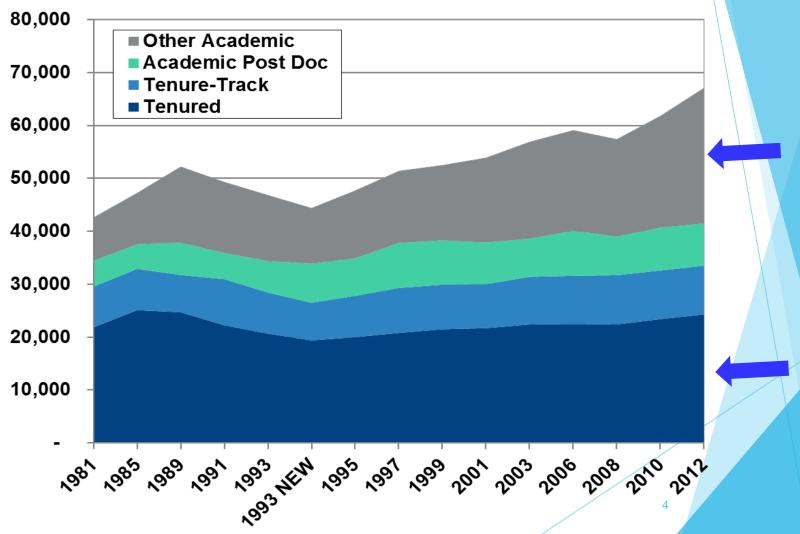
What Do You DO With A Biomedical Degree?



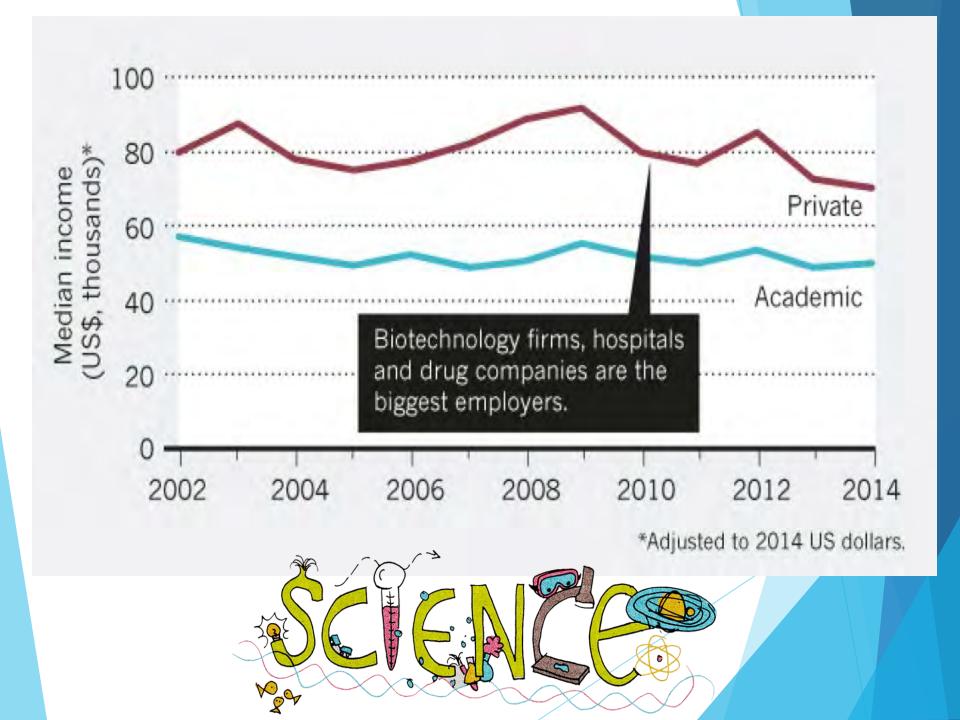
### JOBS: Private Sector >> Academia



### Academically Employed Biomedical PhDs by Tenure Status







### POTENTIAL CAREERS OUTSIDE OF ACADEMIA

#### **Market Research Analyst**

Market Research Analyst – especially significant in innovation-based sectors such as electronics, IT or biotechnology.

Bureau of Labor Statistics - 20% job growth

Market research analysts – gain complete understanding of the commercial landscape associated with a specific technology or sector.

PhD – ability to analyze large amounts of information and identify comparative advantages between two technologies – very valuable in this role.

#### **Business Development Manager**

Projected growth rate: 16.4%.

Science PhDs – increasingly hired as Business Development Managers.

Excel at understanding complex technologies, which is crucial to technology-based sectors such as biotechnology, software, consumer electronics, and pharmaceuticals.

Key responsibilities – develop new business opportunities, manage existing products, develop market strategies, and build new business partnerships.

#### **Competitive Intelligence Analyst**

Competitive Intelligence (CI) Analysts: gather information about products that are in a competing company's pipeline and analyzing these products to determine how they will affect the market.

Areas of expertise: software, healthcare, pharmaceutical, financial

#### **Product Manager**

Product Managers: manage the entire lifecycle of an innovative product.

Oversee the development of a product and the management of product after it launches.

Demand for Product Managers in technology-based sectors is increasing by 23% annually.

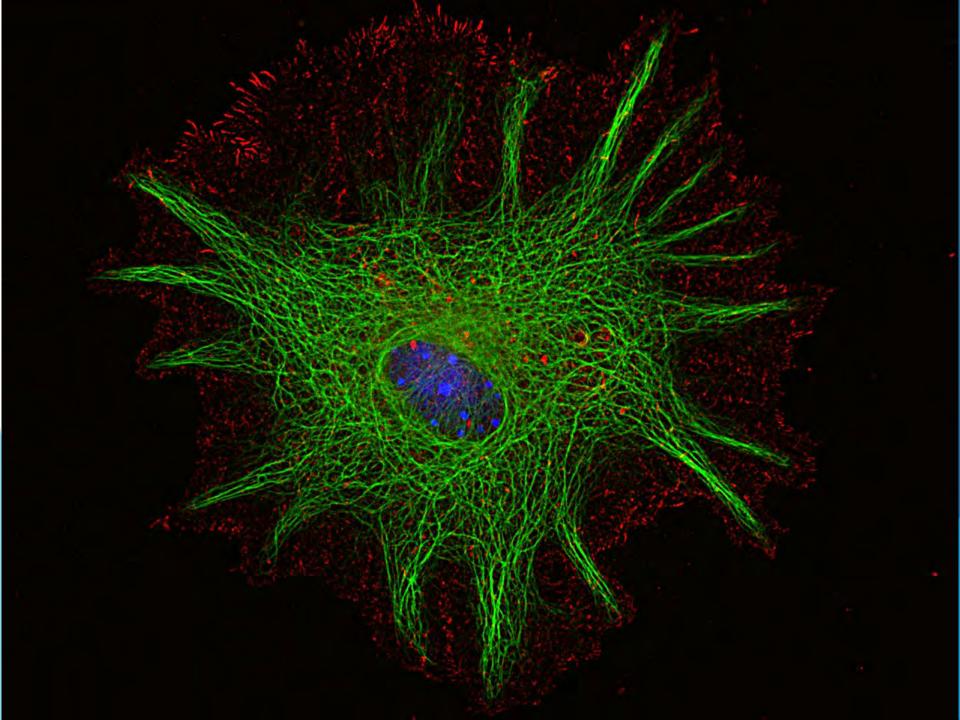
Responsible for analyzing a product's market performance as well as determining ways to boost a product's commercial success while simultaneously determining how to phase out or terminate older versions of the product.

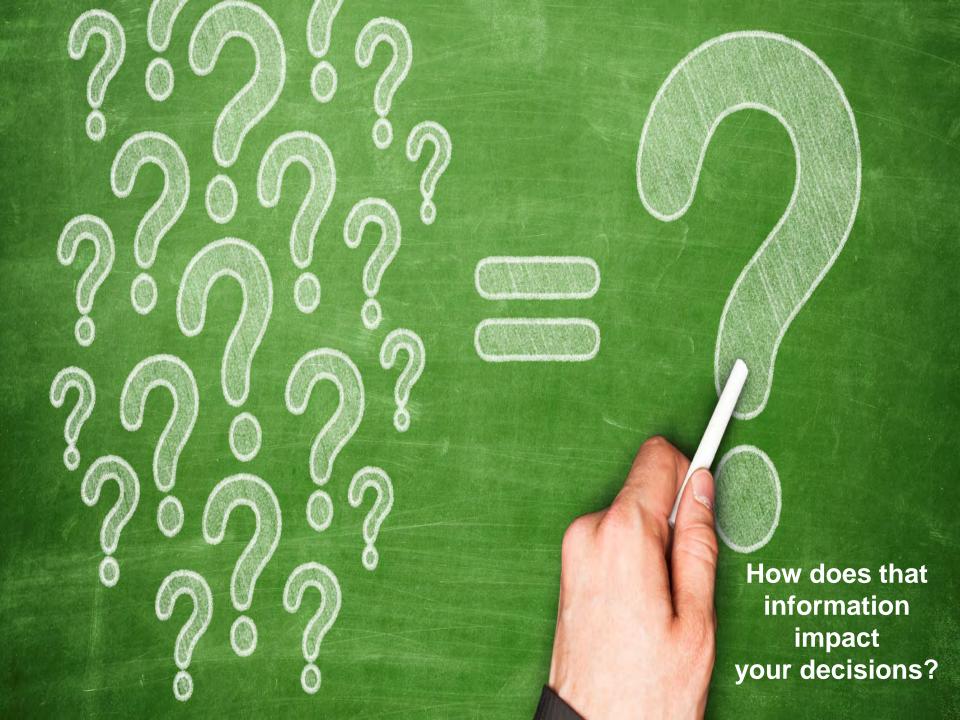
#### Medical Communication Specialist

Medical Communication Specialists are broadly described as technical writers involved in the development and production of communication medical and healthcare related materials.

Bureau of Labor Statistics: grow by 15%

Responsibilities – write and edit materials that healthcare organizations will use to communicate with target audience (patients, clients and medical professionals).

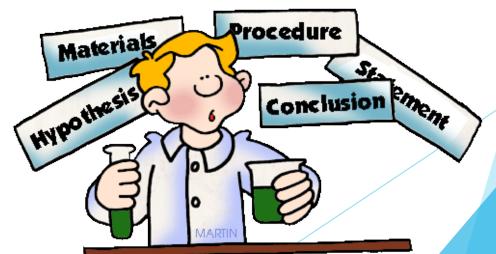




### Goals/Expectations

"DRIVE" your choice of career and future Use Career Development opportunities

- Know yourself & how you like to work
- Explore multiple career options
- Ask questions
- Ask your mentor to support you



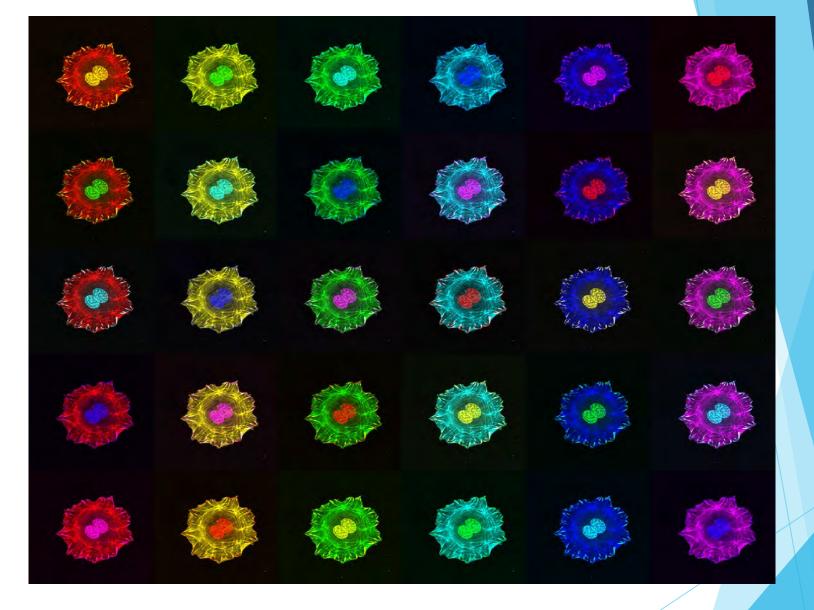


**NEXT STEPS** 





## What Is Your Long Term Dream Job?



### ALL CAREERS COME IN MULTIPLE FLAVORS

### First Principles of Science Careers

- No one size fits all
- You have MANY options in all employment sectors
- You will get a job based on your research accomplishments AND your broader skill set
- Working with supportive mentors can make all the difference

### Academia Questions

- Faculty
- Support Staff
- PI or Team Science
- Administrators
- Tier 1, 2, or 3
   Research
   Institutions
- Teaching



Artist: Jer Lechner

### Common Themes Among Those Who Like Research

- curiosity to discover the unknown (as a motivator to do research)
- 2. enjoyment & persistence in problem solving
- 3. a high level of independence
- the desire to help others indirectly through research
- a flexible, sometimes ill-defined approach to the future

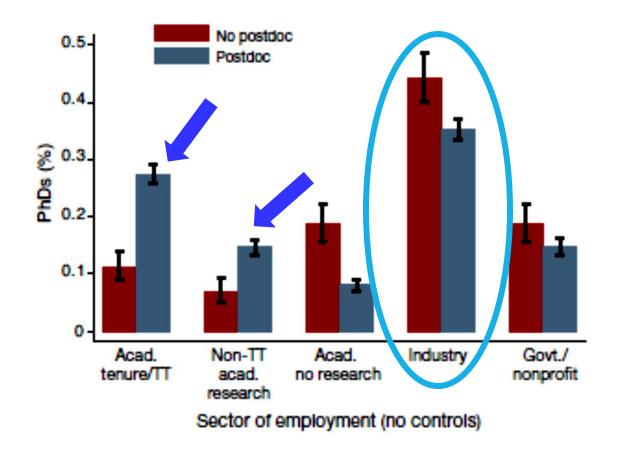


### Should You Do a Postdoctoral Fellowship?

**How Many Years?** 

#### What is a Postdoc?

- A postgraduate trainee with a Ph.D., M.D., DVM, etc
- Performs full-time research under the guidance of a faculty mentor.
- Transition Period:
  - Training opportunity are for you to grow into an independent scientist
  - Learn new skills
  - Take a new direction
  - Produce quality research and paper
  - Define your career path in science
  - seeking the "Perfect Job"



Percentage of biomedical PhDs who started their careers with a postdoc and those who did not – 10 years after the degree was awarded.



What Direction Is Right For Me?

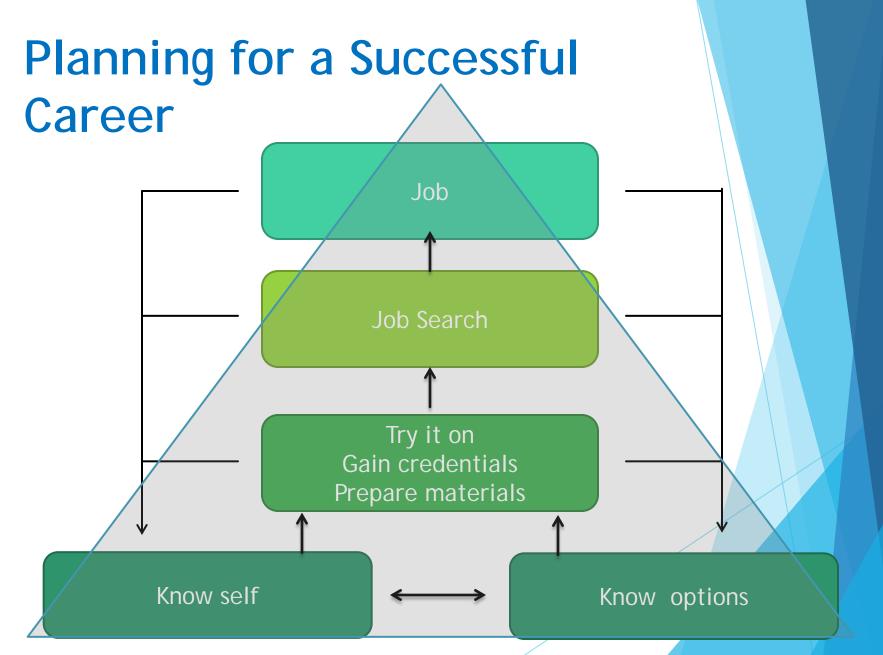
### So, how will you decide?

- 1. Find info on training and career options
- 2. Conduct informational interviews with people doing these options
- Consult a research study that followed students in PhD, MD, MD/PhD programs
- 4. Try temporary experiences

Do all methods!

What is your next step?
When will you take it?
What will you accomplish by taking this step?
What help do you need?





### How Do You Position Yourself For Multiple Careers Without Weighing You Down or Freaking Out?



# YOUR HÄ



### Important Questions to Consider

What are your constraints?-- things that are just facts What are you going to do with that fact?

#### What are your ground rules?

- Are you willing to risk financial instability?
- Are you willing to take a lower salary?
- Are you willing to go for more training?
- Are you willing to work more hours?
- Are you willing to relocate?



### Initial Brainstorming Questions

- What do I enjoy doing most?
- What do I like most and least about my present career path?
- What are my values?
- What organizations or jobs sound interesting to me?
- When have I been my happiest at work?
- When have I been most unhappy?



### Be Realistic



- What will success require of you?
- Are you willing to make that sacrifice and pay that price?
- What skills do you need to develop?
- What is your most important goal for the next year?
  - Why is that one the most important?
  - Why have you not achieved it already?
  - What do you need to do to achieve it?
  - Is that the most impactful step for you?

### Things I love about a research career

- Intellectual challenge
- Teaching
- Flexible work schedule
- Independence
- Smart colleagues
- Learning new things
- Collaborating

### Things I hate about a research career

- Long hours
- Low pay for education level
- Isolation
- Funding rat race
- Politics
- Arrogant colleagues
- Lack of teamwork



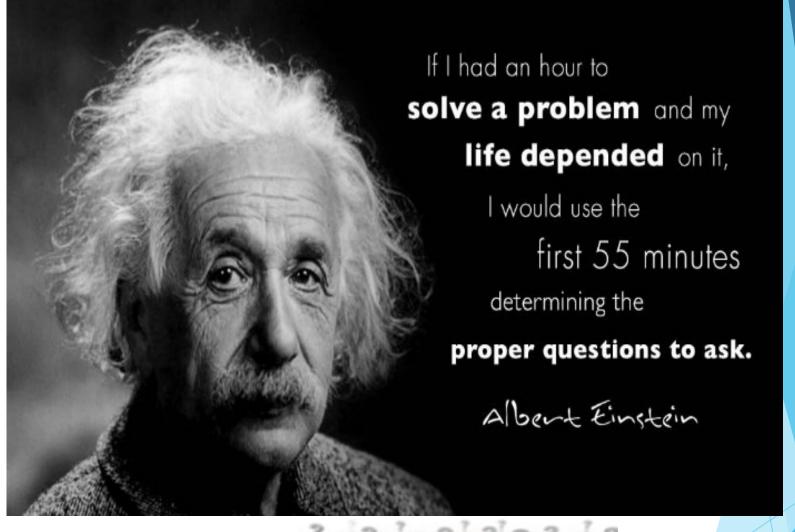
How do you build a career when you don't know what to build?

Before you do problem solving, you have to do problem finding

What is the right thing to be working on?

Design thinking - there is more than one you in there







### **Putting Together the Puzzle**



### Independent of Career Choice, the Skills that REALLY Matter

Leadership
Humor
Tact
Understanding Risk and Reward
Organization
Sensitivity
Drive
Creativity

You can develop/learn these

### Getting the Mentoring You Need -- Develop A Mentoring Team

- A single person cannot be an expert in everything you need.
- Develop a "mentoring team".
- Identify skill areas that need work & seek out different mentors for the different skills
- Extend your mentoring network beyond your current department or institution.
- Mentors in presentation skills or grant writing?

- Identify someone with a skill set that you would like to learn.
- Mentors in time management or worklife balance?

 If your potential mentor agrees to help, ask if you can meet on a regular basis.
 Those meetings should have a clear purpose and agenda - why are you

meeting?





## Essential Career Tool NETWORK



The problem with the current approach that people are taking to find their careers .... they start with the wrong question.

And the wrong question is, how do I figure out that one, best solution for my life?

#### REMEMBER .....

There is more than one right answer for you because you have multiple gifts.

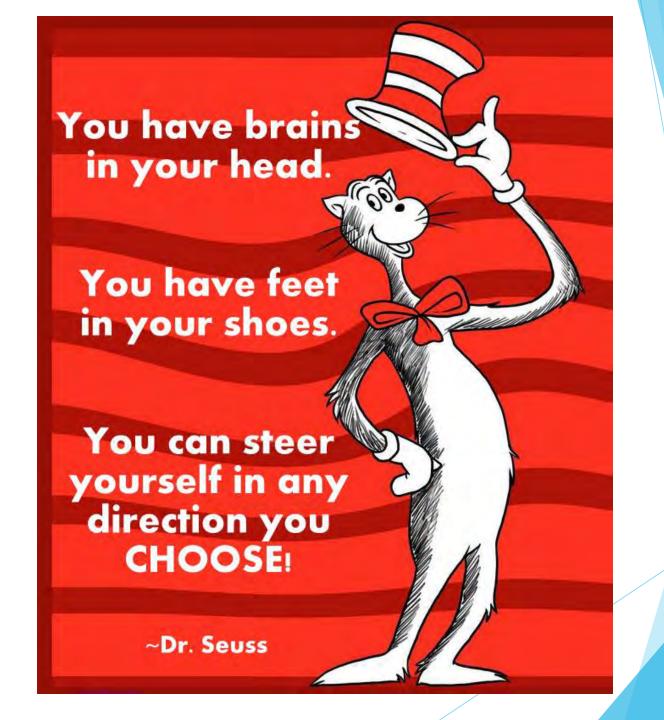
# What are your potential directions?

What do you need to do to make a particular direction possible?

#### REMEMBER .....

This is NOT locked in stone. As you gain skills and build on your gifts, your choices and doors will expand.







There is more to you as a scientist than you think

